Gauhati University Syllabus for B.Sc.(Honors) ZOOLOGY Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

Course effective from academic year 2019-20

Syllabus for B.Sc.(Honors) Zoology

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

Course effective from academic year 2019-20



Gauhati University

Guwahati::Assam

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ZOOLOGY-Discipline Specific Electives(DSE)
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ZOO-HE-5046: PARASITOLOGY
ZOO-HE-6014 :BIOLOGY OF INSECTA
ZOO-HE-6026: FISH AND FISHERIES
ZOO-HE-6036: REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY
ZOO-HE-6046: WILDLIFE CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT
ZOO-HE-6056 DISSERTATION
Skill Enhancement Courses
ZOO-SE-3014: ORNAMENTAL FISH AND FISHERIES

	ZOO-SE-3024: APICULTURE
	ZOO-SE-4014: Non-Mulbery Sericlture
	ZOO-SE-4024: Wildlife Photography and Eco-tourism
	ZOO-SE-4034 Research methodology
A	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses
	ENG-AE-1014:ENGLISHCOMMUNICATION
	ENV-AE-2014:ENVIRONMENTALSCIENCE

Preamble

The choice based credit system is naturally the next logical step in a credit based semester system. This makes the system the more learnercentric. A CBCS offers the student a diversity of courses to choose from and the autonomy to decide on the place, pace and the time of learning.

The Gauhati University has decided to introduce the CBCS system at the under graduate level from the session 2019-20. The CBCS syllabus for the B.Sc. (Honours) is prepared in the model of syllabus prepared by theUGC.

A student opting for honors course in ZOOLOGY must have and passed the BIOLOGY as a subject in the Senior Secondary level examination.

Course Structure	
Course	*Credits
	Theory+ Practical
I. Core Course	14×4= 56
(14 Papers)	
Core Course Practical / Tutorial*	$14 \times 2 = 28$
(14 Papers)	
II. Elective	4×4=16
Course (8 Papers)	
A.1. Discipline Specific Elective (4Papers)	
A.2. Discipline Specific	
Elective	
Practical/Tutorial*(4Papers)	
	4×2=8
B.1. Generic Elective/	4×4=16
Interdisciplinary	
(4 Papers)	
B.2. Generic Elective	
Practical/ Tutorial*	4×2=8
(4 Papers)	
III. Ability Enhancement Courses	2×4=8
1. Ability Enhancement	
Compulsory (2 Papers of 2 credit	
each) Environmental Studies	
English/MIL Communication	
2. Ability Enhancement	
Elective(SkillBased) (Minimum2)	2×4=8
(2 Papers of 2 credit each)	2×4=8
Total	148

*Core and DSE courses without practicals will have tutorial and have credit distribution of: 5credits for theory and 1credit for tutorial, total6credits,sameasthe papers with practical

	Туре	Core	AECC	SEC	DSE	GEN
Seme er	Cred		$\frac{11200}{2 \times 4 = 8}$	$2 \times 4 = 8$	$\frac{1}{4 \times 6} = 24$	$\frac{4 \times 6}{4 \times 6} = 24$
Sel r	its	$14 \times 0 = 04$	$4 \times 4 = 0$	4 × 4 – 0	4 × 0 – 24	$4 \times 0 = 24$
st	115					
Ι		ZOO-HC-1	ENG-AE-10			XXX-HG-
		016	14			1XX6
		ZOO-HC-1				
		026				
II			ENV-AE-20			XXX-HG-
		016	14			2XX6
		ZOO-HC-2				
TTT		026		700 (77)		
III		ZOO-HC-3 016		ZOO-SE-		ХХХ-Н
		ZOO-HC-3		3YY4†		G- 3XX6
		026		I		
		ZOO-HC-3				
		036				
IV		ZOO-HC-4		ZOO-SE-		ХХХ-Н
		016				
		ZOO-HC-4		4YY4†		G- 4XX6
		026				
		ZOO-HC-4				
		036				
V		ZOO-HC-5			ZOO-HE-	
		016			5YY6‡	
		ZOO-HC-5			ZOO-HE-	
		026			5YY6‡	
VI		ZOO-HC-6			ZOO-HE-	
		016				
					<u>6ҮҮ6‡</u> ZOO-НЕ-	
		ZOO-HC-6 016				
		010			6YY6‡	

Structure of BSc Honours(ZOOLOGY) Programme

SCHEME FOR CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM IN B. Sc.

Honours (ZOOLOGY)

SEMESTER	COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	Credits
Ι	ENG-AE-1014	English	4
	ZOO-HC-1016	Communications Non Chordates I:	4.2.6
	200-1010	Protista to	4+2=6
		Pseudocoelomates	
		NON Chordates-	
	ZOO-HC-1026	I Lab Principles of	4+2=6
		Ecology	
		Princi	
		ples of Ecology	
		Lab	
	AAA-HG-1YY6	GE-1	4/5
		Generic	2/1
		Electi 1	
		ve Practical/Tuto	
		rial	
		lits in Semester I	22
II	Ability	Environmental Studies	4
	Enhancem	Studies	
	ent Compulsory Course-II**		
			4+2=6
	ZOO-HC-2016	Non Chordates-	4+2-0
		II: Coelomate NON Chorda	
		Lab tes-II	
	ZOO-HC-2026	Cell Biology	4+2=6
		Cell	
		Lab Biology	
	AAA-HG-2YY6*	GE-2	4/5
		Generic · Electi 2	2/1
		ve Liceu 2	
		Practical/Tuto	
	Total Credits in	rial Semester II	22
III	ZOO-HC-3016		4+2=6
	200-110-3010	Diversity of Chordates	
		Diversity of	
		Chordates Lab	
	ZOO-HC-3026	Physiology:	4+2=6
		Controlling and	
		Coordinating	
		Systems	
		Physiol Contro	
		ogy lling and	
		Coordina ting	
		Lab Systems	
	ZOO-HC-3036	Fundamental of	4+2=6
		Biochemistry	
		Fundamental of	
		Biochemistry Lab SEC-1	
	ZOO-SE-3YY4†		4
	AAA-HG-3YY6*	GE-3	4/5

Electi 3 Practical/Tuto rialTotal Credits in Semester III28IVZOO-HC-4016Comparative anatomy of Vertebrate Anatomy of Vertebrate Lab4+2=6ZOO-HC-4026Physiology Life Sustaining systems Lab4+2=6ZOO-HC-4036Biochemistry of Metabolic process Lab4+2=6ZOO-HC-4036Biochemistry of Metabolic process Lab4+2=6ZOO-HC-4036Biochemistry of Metabolic process Lab4+2=6ZOO-SE-4YY4†SEC -24AAA-HG-4YY 6*GE-44/5ZOO-SE-4YY4†SEC -24AAA-HG-4YY 6*GE-44/5ZOO-HC-5016Molecular Biology Life al4+2=6ZOO-HC-5026Principles of genetics Iab4+2=6ZOO-HC-5026Principles of genetics Lab4+2=6ZOO-HE-5YY6‡DSE-1 Lab4+2=6ZOO-HE-5YY6‡DSE-24+2=6ZOO-HE-6016Developmental Biology4+2=6ZOO-HE-6016Developmental Biology4+2=6ZOO-HE-6016Developmental Biology4+2=6ZOO-HE-6016Developmental Biology4+2=6ZOO-HE-6016Developmental Biology4+2=6ZOO-HE-6016Developmental Biology4+2=6ZOO-HE-6016Developmental Biology4+2=6ZOO-HE-6016Developmental Biology4+2=6ZOO-HE-6026Evolutionary Biology4+2=6ZOO-HE-6016Developmental Biology4+2=6			Generic	2/1
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		ZOO-HE-6YY6‡	DSE-4	4+2=6

Programin

	DSE-4 Lab	
Total Credits i	n Semester VI	24
Grand Total		148
Credits		

*Generic Electives (Other Discipline) - GE 1 to GE 4

- 1. Botany (4) + Lab(4)
- 2. Chemistry (4)+ Lab (4)
- 3. Anthropology (4) + Lab (4)
- 4. Geography (4)+ Lab (4)
- 5. Geology (4)+ Lab (4)
- 6. Biotechnology (4)+ Lab (4)
- 7. Computer Science (4)+Lab (4)
- 8. STATISTICS (4)+ Lab (2)
- 9. MATHEMATICS
- 10. MICROBIOLOGY (4)+ Lab (2)
- 11. PHYSICS (4)+ Lab (2)

*a)Generic Electives(GE) are to be taken preferably from Botany and Chemistry disciplines.
b) Students can choose minimum of two GE papers from different disciplines.

‡ Discipline Specific Elective Papers: (Credit: 06 each) (4 papers to be selected)-DSE for Semester V DSE-1 (Any One from the following)

1. **ZOO-HE-5016:** Computational Biology and Biostatistics (4) + Lab(2) (Compulsory) DSE-2(Any One from the following)

- 2. **ZOO-HE-5026:** Animal biotechnology (4) + Lab(2)
- 3. **ZOO-HE-5036:** Endocrinology (4) + Lab(2)
- 4. **ZOO-HE-5046:** Parasitiology (4) + Lab(2)

DSE for Semester VI

DSE-3(Any One from the following)

- 5. **ZOO-HE-6016:** Biology of Insect (4) + Lab(2)
- 6. **ZOO-HE-6026:** FISH and Fisheries (4) + Lab(2)

DSE-4 (Any One from the following)

- 7. **ZOO-HE-6046:** Reproductive Biology (4) + Lab(2)
- 8. **ZOO-HE-6056:**Wildlife Conservation and Management (4)+ Lab (2)
- 9. **ZOO-HE-6066**: Dissertation in any Zoology Specific Subject (6)

†Skill Enhancement Courses (04papers)(Credit:04each)

SEC for SemesterIII

Any One from the following

- 1. **ZOO-SE-3014:** Ornamental fish and Fisheies
- 2. **ZOO-SE-3024:** Apiculture

6

SEC for Semester IV

Any One from the following

- 3. **ZOO-SE-4014:** Non Mulberry sericuture
- 4. **ZOO-SE-4024:** Wildlife Photography and Ecotourism
- 5. **ZOO-SE**-4034: Research Methodology

******Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (02 papers) (Credit: 04 each)

AECC for Semester I

1. ENG-AE-1014: English Communications

AECC for Semester II

2. ENV-AE-2014: Environmental Science

CORE COURSE I CODE: ZOO-HC-1016

NON-CHORDATES I: PROTISTS TO PSEUDOCOELOMATES

THEORY	(Credits 4)
Unit 1: Protista, Parazoa and Metazoa	19
General characteristics and Classification upto classes Study of <i>Euglena</i> , <i>Amoeba</i> and	
Paramecium	
Life cycle and pathogenicity of <i>Plasmodium vivax</i> and <i>Entamoeba histolytica</i>	
Locomotion and Reproduction in Protista	
Evolution of symmetry and segmentation of Metazoa	
Unit 2: Porifera	7
General characteristics and Classification upto classes Canal system and spicules in sponges	
Unit 3: Cnidaria	12
General characteristics and Classification upto	
classes Metagenesis in Obelia	
Polymorphism in	
Cnidaria Corals and	
coral reefs	
Unit 4: Ctenophora	4
General characteristics and Evolutionary significance	
Unit 5: Platyhelminthes	10
General characteristics and Classification up to classes	
Life cycle and pathogenicity of Fasciola hepatica and Taeniasolium	
Unit 6: Nemathelminthes	8
General characteristics and Classification up to classes	
Lifecycle, and pathogenicity of Ascaris lumbricoides and Wuchereri abancrofti	

Parasitic adaptations in helminthes

Note: Classification to be followed from "Barnes, R.D. (1982). *Invertebrate Zoology*, V Edition"

NON-CHORDATES I: PROTISTS TO PSEUDOCOELOMATES

PRACTICALS

(Credits 2)

1. Study of whole mount of *Euglena*, *Amoeba* and *Paramecium*, Binary fission and Conjugation in *Paramecium*

- 2. Examination of pondwater collected from different places for diversity in protista
- 3. Study of Sycon(T.S. and L.S.), Hyalonema, Euplectella, Spongilla
- 4. Study of Obelia, Physalia, Millepora, Aurelia, Tubipora, Corallium,

Alcyonium, Gorgonia, Metridium, Pennatula, Fungia, Meandrina, Madrepora
5. One specimen/slide of anyctenophore

- 6. Study of adult *Fasciola hepatica*, *Taenia solium* and their life cycles (Slides/micro- photographs)
 - 7. Study of adult *Ascaris lumbricoides* and its life stages(Slides/micro-photographs)
 - 8. To submit a Project Report on any related topic on life cycles.

Note: Classification to be followed from "Ruppert and Barnes (2006) *Invertebrate Zoology*, 8th edition, Holt Saunders International Edition"

SUGGESTED READINGS

□ Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). *Invertebrate Zoology*, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders InternationalEdition.

Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P.J.W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). *The Invertebrates: A New Synthesis*, III Edition, BlackwellScience

□ Barrington, E.J.W. (1979). *Invertebrate Structure and Functions*. II Edition, E.L.B.S. andNelson

CORE COURSE II CODE: ZOO-HC-1026 PRINCIPLES OF ECOLOGY

THEORY

Unit 1: Introduction to Ecology

History of ecology, Autecology and synecology, Levels of organization, Laws of limiting factors, Study of physical factors

Unit2:Population

Unitary and Modular populations

Unique and group attributes of population: Density, natality, mortality, life tables, fecundity tables, survivorship curves, age ratio, sex ratio, dispersal and dispersion Exponential and logistic growth, equation and patterns, r and K strategies Population regulation - density-dependent and independent factors

Population interactions, Gause's Principle with laboratory and field examples, Lotka-Volterra equation for competition and Predation, functional and numerical responses

Unit3:Community

Community characteristics: species richness, dominance, diversity, abundance, vertical stratification, Ecotone and edge effect; Ecological succession with one example

Theories pertaining to climax community

Unit4:Ecosystem

Types of ecosystems with one example in detail, Food chain: Detritus and grazing food chains, Linear and Y-shaped food chains, Food web, Energy flow through the ecosystem, Ecological pyramids and Ecological efficiencies

Nutrient and biogeochemical cycle with one example of Nitrogen cycle Human modified ecosystem

Unit 5:Applied Ecology

Ecology in Wildlife Conservation and Management

6

24

(Credits 4)

12

14

4

PRINCIPLES OF ECOLOGY

PRACTICALS

1. Study of life tables and plotting of survivorship curves of different types from the hypothetical/real data provided

2. Determination of population density in a natural/hypothetical community by quadrate methodandcalculationofShannon-Weinerdiversityindexforthesamecommunity

3. Study of an aquatic ecosystem: Phytoplankton and zooplankton, Measurement of area, temperature, turbidity/penetration of light, determination of

pH, and Dissolved Oxygen content (Winkler'smethod).

4. Report on a visit to National Park/Biodiversity Park/Wild life sanctuary

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Colinvaux, P.A. (1993). Ecology. IIE dition. Wiley, Johnand Sons, Inc.
- □ Krebs, C. J. (2001). Ecology. VI Edition. BenjaminCummings.
- Odum, E.P., (2008). Fundamentals of Ecology. Indian Edition. Brooks/Cole
- □ RobertLeoSmithEcologyandfieldbiologyHarperandRowpublisher
- □ Ricklefs, R.E., (2000). Ecology. V Edition. ChironPres

CORE COURSE III CODE: ZOO-HC-2016 NON-CHORDATES II: COELOMATES

THEORY	(Credits 4)
Unit 1: Introduction to Coelomates	2
Evolution of coelom and metamerism	
Unit 2: Annelida	10
General characteristics and Classification upto classes Excretion in Annelida	
Unit 3: Arthropoda	17
General characteristics and Classification upto classes Vision and Respiration in Arthropoda Metamorphosis in Insects Social life in bees and termites	
Unit 4: Onychophora	4
General characteristics and Evolutionary significance	
Unit 5: Mollusca	
General characteristics and Classification upto classes Respiration in Mollusca Torsion and detorsion in Gastropoda Pearl formation in bivalves Evolutionary significance of trochophore larva	
Unit 6: Echinodermata	12
General characteristics and Classification upto classes Water-vascular system in Asteroidea Larval forms in Echinodermata Affinities with Chordates	

Note: Classification to be followed from "Ruppert and Barnes (2006) *Invertebrate Zoology*, 8th edition, Holt Saunders International Edition"

NON-CHORDATES II: COELOMATES

PRACTICAL

(Credits 2)

1. Study of followingspecimens:

Annelids-Aphrodite, Nereis, Heteronereis, Sabella, Serpula, Chaetopterus, Pheretima, Hirudinaria

Arthropods - Limulus, Palamnaeus, Palaemon, Daphnia, Balanus, Sacculina, Cancer, Eupagurus, Scolopendra, Julus, Bombyx, Periplaneta, termites and honey bees Onychophora - Peripatus

Molluscs - Chiton, Dentalium, Pila, Doris, Helix, Unio, Ostrea, Pinctada, Sepia, Octopus, Nautilus

Echinodermates - Pentaceros/Asterias, Ophiura, Clypeaster, Echinus, Cucumariaand Antedon

- 2. Studyofdigestivesystem, septalnephridiaand pharyngealnephridiaofearthworm
- 3. T.S. through pharynx, gizzard, and typhlosolar intestine of earthworm

4. Mount of mouth parts and dissection of digestive system and nervous systemof *Periplaneta**

5. To submit a Project Report on any related topic to larval forms (crustacean, mollusc andechinoderm)

Note: Classification to be followed from "Ruppert and Barnes (2006) *Invertebrate Zoology*, 8th edition, Holt Saunders InternationalEdition"

SUGGESTED READINGS

□ Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). *Invertebrate Zoology*, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders InternationalEdition

□ Barnes,R.S.K.,Calow,P.,Olive,P.J.W.,Golding,D.W.andSpicer,J.I.(2002). *TheInvertebrates: A New Synthesis*, III Edition, Blackwell Science

□ Barrington, E.J.W. (1979). *Invertebrate Structure and Functions*. II Edition, E.L.B.S. andNelson

CORE COURSE IV

CODE: ZOO-HC-2026 CELL BIOLOGY

THEORY	(Credits4)
Unit 1: Over view of Cells	3
Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells, Virus, Viroids, Mycoplasma, Prions	5
Unit 2:Plasma Membrane	7
Various models of plasma membrane structure Transportacrossmembranes:ActiveandPassivetransport,Facilitatedtra nsport Cell junctions: Tight junctions, Desmosomes, Gapjunctions	
Unit 3:Endomembrane System	10
Structure and Functions: Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi Apparatus, L	ysosomes
Unit 4: Mitochondria and Peroxisomes	8
Mitochondria:Structure,Semi- autonomousnature,Endosymbiotichypothesis Mitochondrial Respiratory Chain, Chemi-osmotichypothesis Peroxisomes	
Unit5:Cytoskeleton	8
Structure and Functions: Microtubules, Microfilaments and Intermedi	ate filaments
Unit6:Nucleus	12
Structure of Nucleus: Nuclearenvelope, Nuclear pore complex, Nucleolus Chromatin: Euchromatin and Hetrochromatin and packaging(nucleosome)	
Unit 7:Cell Division	8
Mitosis, Meiosis, Cell cycle and its regulation	
Unit 8:Cell Signaling	4
GPCR and Role of second messenger (cAMP)	

CELL BIOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(Credits 2)

1. Preparation of temporary stained squash of onion root tip to study various stages of mitosis

2. Study of various stages of meiosis.

3. Preparation of permanent slide to show the presence of Barrbody in human female blood cells/cheek cells.

- 4. Preparation of permanent slide to demonstrate: iDNA by Feulgen reaction
 - ii Mucopolysaccharides by PAS reaction
 - iii Proteins by Mercuro bromophenol blue/FastGreen

SUGGESTED READINGS

□ Karp, G. (2010). *Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments*. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons.Inc.

De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2006). *Cell and Molecular Biology*. VIII Edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.

Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009). *The Cell: A Molecular Approach*. V Edition. ASMPressandSunderland,Washington,D.C.;SinauerAssociates,MA.

Becker, W.M., Kleinsmith, L.J., Hardin. J. and Bertoni, G. P. (2009). *The World of the Cell*.VIIEdition. Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, SanFrancisco.

Image: Bruce Albert, Bray Dennis, Levis Julian, Raff Martin, Roberts KeithandWatsonJames(2008).MolecularBiologyOftheCell,VEdition,GarlandpublishingInc.,NewYorkand London.

CORE COURSE V DIVERSITY OF CHORDATA

CODE: ZOO-HC-3016

THEORY	(Credits 4)
Unit 1: Introduction to Chordates	2
General characteristics and outline classification	
Unit2:Protochordata	8
General characteristics of Hemichordata, Urochordata and Cephalochordata; Study of larval forms in protochordates; Retrogressive metamorphosis in Urochordata	
Unit 3: Origin of Chordata	3
Dipleurula concept and the Echinoderm theory of origin of chordates Advanced features of vertebrates over Protochordata	
Unit4:Agnatha	2
General characteristics and classification of cyclostomes up to class	
Unit5:Pisces	8
GeneralcharacteristicsofChondrichthyesandOsteichthyes,classificationu pto order Migration, Osmoregulation and Parental care infishes Unit6:Amphibia	6
Origin of <i>Tetrapoda</i> (Evolution of terrestrial ectotherms); General characteristics and classification upto order; Parental care in Amphibians	
Unit7:Reptilia	7
General characteristics and classification up to order; Affinities of <i>Sphenodon</i> ; Poison apparatus and Biting mechanism in snakes	
Unit8:Aves	8
General characteristics and classification up to order <i>Archaeopteryx</i> a connecting link; Principles and aerodynamics of flight, Flight adaptations and Migration in birds	
Unit9:Mammals	8
General characters and classification up to order; Affinities of	

Prototheria; Adaptive radiation with reference to locomotory appendages

Unit10:Zoogeography

Zoo geographical realms, Theories pertaining to distribution of animals, Plate tectonic and Continental drift theory, distribution of vertebrates in different realms

DIVERSITY OF CHORDATA

PRACTICAL

(Credits 2)

Protochordata 1.

Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Branchiostoma, Colonial Urochordata Sections of Balanoglossus through proboscis and branchio genital regions, Sections of Amphioxus through pharyngeal, intestinal and caudal regions.Permanent slide of Herdmania spicules

2. Agnatha

Petromyzon, Myxine

3. Fishes

Scoliodon, Sphyrna, Pristis, Torpedo, Chimaera, Mystus, Heteropneustes, Labeo, Exocoetus, Echeneis, Anguilla, Hippocampus, Tetrodon/Diodon. Anabas. Flat fish

4. Amphibia

Ichthyophis/Ureotyphlus, Necturus, Bufo, Hyla, Alytes, Salamandra

5. Reptilia

Chelone, Hemidactylus, Trionyx, Varanus, Uromastix. Chamaeleon, Ophiosaurus, Draco, Bungarus, Vipera, Naja, Hydrophis, Zamenis, Crocodylus Key for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonoussnakes

6. Aves

Study of six common birds from different orders. Types of beaks and claws

7. Mammalia

Sorex, Bat (Insectivorous and Frugivorous), Funambulus, Loris, Herpestes, Erinaceous.

Mount of weberian ossicles of *fish*

Power point presentation on study of any two animals from two different classes by students (may be included if dissections not given permission)

Classification from Young, J. Z. (2004) to be followed

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Young,J.Z.(2004).*TheLifeofVertebrates*.IIIEdition.Oxforduniversitypress.
- Pough H. Vertebrate life, VIII Edition, PearsonInternational.

DarlingtonP.J.*TheGeographicalDistributionofAnimals*,R.E.KriegerPubCo.

Hall B.K. and Hallgrimsson B. (2008). *Strickberger's Evolution*.

IV Edition. Jones and Bartlett PublishersInc.

CORE COURSE VI

ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: CONTROLLING AND COORDINATING SYSTEMS CODE: ZOO-HC-3026

THEORY	(Credits 4)
Unit 1: Tissues	6
Structure, location, classification and functions of epithelial tissue, connective tissue, muscular tissue and nervous tissue	
Unit 2: Bone and Cartilage	4
Structure and types of bones and cartilages, Ossification, bone growth and resorption	
Unit 3: Nervous System	10
Structure of neuron, resting membrane potential, Origin of action potential and its propagation across the myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibers; Types of synapse, Synaptic transmission and, Neuromuscular junction; Reflex action and its types - reflex arc; Physiology of hearing and vision.	
Unit 4: Muscle	12
Histology of different types of muscle; Ultra structure of skeletal muscle; Molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction; Characteristics of muscle twitch; Motor unit, summation and tetanus	
Unit 5: Reproductive System	10
Histology of testis and ovary; Physiology of male and female reproduction; Puberty, Methods of contraception in male and female	
Unit 6: Endocrine System	18
Histology of endocrine glands - pineal, pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, adrenal; hormones secreted by them and their mechanism of action; Classification of hormones; Regulation of their secretion; Mode of hormoneaction,Signaltransductionpathwaysforsteroidalandnon- steroidal hormones;Hypothalamus(neuroendocrinegland)-	
steroidal hormones;Hypothalamus(neuroendocrinegland)- principalnucleiinvolved in neuro endocrine control of anterior	
pituitary and endocrines system;	

Placental hormones

ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: CONTROLLING AND COORDINATING SYSTEMS

PRACTICALS

(Credits 2)

*1. Demonstration of the unconditioned reflex action (Deep tendon reflex such as knee jerkreflex)

2. Preparationoftemporarymounts:Squamousepithelium,Striatedm usclefibres and nervecells

3. Study of permanent slides of Mammalian skin, Cartilage, Bone, Spinal cord,

Nerve cell, Pituitary, Pancreas, Testis, Ovary, Adrenal, Thyroid and Parathyroid and Parathy

4. Microtomy: Preparation of permanent slide of any five mammalian(Goat/ rat/mice)tissues

(*Subject to UGC guidelines)

SUGGESTED BOOKS

□ Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. /W.B. Saunders Company.

□ Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons

□ Victor P. Eroschenko. (2008). diFiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional correlations. XII Edition. Lippincott W. &Wilkins.

CORE COURSE VII FUNDAMENTALS OF BIOCHEMISTRY

CODE: ZOO-HC-3036

THEORY	(CREDITS 4)
Unit1:Carbohydrates	8
Structure and Biological importance: Monosaccharides, Disaccharic Polysaccharides and Glycoconjugates	les,
Unit2:Lipids	8
Structure and Significance: Physiologically important saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, Tri-acylglycerols, Phospholipids, Glycolipids, Steroids	
Unit3:Proteins	14
Amino acids: Structure, Classification and General properties of α -amino acids; Physiological importance of essential and non-essential amino acids	
Proteins: Bonds stabilizing protein structure; Levels of organization in proteins; Denaturation; Introduction to simple and conjugate proteins	n
Immunoglobulins: Basic Structure, Classes and Function, Antigenet Determinants	ic
Unit 4:NucleicAcids	12
Structure:Purines and pyrimidines,Nucleosides,Nucleotides,Nucleicacids CotCurves: Base pairing, Denaturation and Renaturation of DNA Types of DNA and RNA, Complementarity of DNA, Hpyo- Hyperchromaticity of DNA	
Unit5:Enzymes	18
Nomenclature and classification; Cofactors; Specificity of enzyme	

Nomenclature and classification; Cofactors; Specificity of enzyme action; Isozymes; Mechanism of enzyme action; Enzyme kinetics; Factors affecting rate of enzyme-catalyzed reactions; Derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation, Concept of Km and Vmax, Lineweaver-Burk plot; Multi-substrate reactions; Enzyme inhibition; Allosteric enzymes and their kinetics; Regulation of <u>enzyme</u> action

FUNDAMENTALS OF BIOCHEMISTRY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS2)

- 1. Qualitative tests of functional groups in carbohydrates, proteins and lipids.
- 2. Paper chromatography of amino acids.
- 3. Action of salivary amylase under optimum conditions.
- 4. Effect of pH, temperature on the action of salivary amylase.
- 5. Demonstration of proteins separation by SDS-PAGE.

SUGGESTED READING

Cox, M.M and Nelson, D.L. (2008). *Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry*, V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., NewYork.

Berg,J.M.,Tymoczko,J.L.andStryer,L.(2007).*Biochemistry*,VIEdition,
 W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.

Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Well, P.A. (2009). *Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry*, XXVIII Edition, International Edition, The McGraw-Hill Companies Inc.

□ Hames, B.D. and Hooper, N.M. (2000). *Instant Notes in Biochemistry*, II Edition, BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd.,U.K.

□ Watson, J.D., Baker, T.A., Bell, S.P., Gann, A., Levine, M. and Losick, R. (2008). *Molecular Biology of the Gene*, VI Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Lab. Press, PearsonPub.

CORE COURSEVIII COMPARATIVE ANATOMY OF VERTEBRATES

CODE: ZOO-HC-4016

THEORY	(CREDITS 4)
Unit 1:Integumentary System	8
Structure, functions and derivatives of integument	
Unit 2:Skeletal System	8
Overview of axial and appendicular skeleton, Jaw suspensorium, Visceral arches	
Unit 3:Digestive System	8
Alimentary canal and associated glands, dentition	
Unit 4:Respiratory System	8
Skin, gills, lungs and air sacs; Accessory respiratory organs	
Unit 5:Circulatory System	8
General plan of circulation, evolution of heart and aortic arches	
Unit 6:Urinogenital System	6
Succession of kidney, Evolution of urinogenital ducts, Types of mammalian uteri	
Unit 7:Nervous System	8
Comparative account of brain Autonomic nervous system, Spinal cord, Cranial nerves in mamma	ls
Unit 8:Sense Organs	6
Classification of receptors Brief account of visual and auditory receptors in man	

COMPARATIVE ANATOMY OFVERTEBRATES

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS2)

1.	Study	of	placoid,	cycloid and	ctenoid
	scales	through	permanent	slides/photographs	
-	D '			1 5 111	

- 2. Disarticulated skeleton of Frog, Fowl, Rabbit
- 3. Carapace and plastron of turtle/tortoise
- 4. Mammalian skulls: One herbivorous and one carnivorous animal

5. Study of structure of any two organs (heart, lung, kidney, eye and ear) from video recording (may be included if dissection not permitted)

6. Project on skeletal modifications in vertebrates (may be included if dissection not permitted)

SUGGESTED READINGS

• Kardong, K.V. (2005) *Vertebrates' Comparative Anatomy, Function and Evolution*. IV Edition. McGraw-Hill HigherEducation

- Kent, G.C. and Carr R.K. (2000). *Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates*. IX Edition. The McGraw-HillCompanies
- Hilderbrand, M and GaslowG.E. Analysis of Vertebrate Structure,
- John Wileyand Sons
 - Walter, H.E. and Sayles, L.P; *Biology of Vertebrates*, Khosla Publishing House

CORE COURSE IX ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: LIFE SUSTAINING SYSTEMS CODE: ZOO-HC-4026

THEORY

Unit 1: Physiologyof Digestion

Structural organization and functions of gastrointestinal tract andassociated glands; Mechanical and chemical digestion of food; Absorptions of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, water, minerals and vitamins; Hormonal control of secretion of enzymes in Gastrointestinaltract.

Unit 2: PhysiologyofRespiration

Histology of trachea and lung; Mechanism of respiration, Pulmonary ventilation; Respiratory volumes and capacities; Transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood; Respiratory pigments, Dissociation curves and the factors influencing it; Carbon monoxide poisoning; Control of respiration

Unit 3:Renal Physiology

Structure of kidney and its functional unit; Mechanism of urine formation; Regulation of water balance; Regulation of acid-base balance

Unit4:Blood

Components of blood and their functions; Structure and functions of haemoglobin Haemostasis: Blood clotting system, Kallikrein-Kinninogen system, Complement system&Fibrinolytic system,Haemopoiesis Blood groups: Rh factor, ABO and MN

Unit 5: PhysiologyofHeart

Structure of mammalian heart; Coronary circulation; Structure and working of conducting myocardial fibers.Origin and conduction of cardiac impulses Cardiac cycle; Cardiac output and its regulation, Frank-Starling Law of the heart, nervous and chemical regulation of heart rate. Electrocardiogram, Blood pressure and its regulation

(Credits 4)

14

8

14

12

ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: LIFE SUSTAINING SYSTEMS

PRACTICALS

(CREDITS 2)

- 1. Determination of ABO Blood group
- 2. Enumeration of red blood cells and white blood cells using haemocytometer
- 3. Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli'shaemoglobinometer
- 4. Preparation of haemin crystals
- 5. Recording of blood pressure using a sphygmomanometer

6. Examinationofsectionsofmammalianoesophagus,stomach,duode num,ileum, rectum liver, trachea, lung, kidney

(*Subject to UGC guidelines)

SUGGESTED READINGS

Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. X IEdition. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. W.B. Saunders Company.

□ Tortora,G.J.&Grabowski,S.(2006).PrinciplesofAnatomy&Physi ology.XI Edition John Wiley &sons,

□ Victor P. Eroschenko. (2008). diFiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional correlations. XII Edition. Lippincott W. &Wilkins.

□ VanderA,ShermanJ.andLucianoD.(2014).Vander'sHumanPhysi ology:The Mechanism of Body Function. XIII Edition, McGrawHills

CORE COURSE X BIOCHEMISTRY OF METABOLIC PROCESSES

CODE: ZOO-HC-4036

THEORY

Unit 1: Overview of Metabolism

Catabolism *vs* Anabolism, Stages of catabolism, Compartmentalization of metabolic pathways, Shuttle systems and membrane transporters; ATP as "Energy Currency of cell"; coupled reactions; Use of reducing equivalents and cofactors; Intermediary metabolism and regulatory mechanisms

Unit 2:Carbohydrate Metabolism

Sequence of reactions and regulation of glycolysis, Citric acid cycle, Phosphate pentose pathway, Gluconeogenesis, Glycogenolysis and Glycogenesis

Unit 3:Lipid Metabolism

 β -oxidation and omega-oxidation of saturated fatty acids with even and odd number of carbon atoms; Biosynthesis of palmiticacid; Ketogenesis

Unit 4:Protein Metabolism	10
Catabolism of amino acids: Transamination, Deamination, Urea	
cycle; Fate of C-skeleton of Glucogenic and Ketogenic amino acids	

Unit 5:OxidativePhosphorylation

Redox systems; Review of mitochondrial respiratory chain, Inhibitors and un-couplers of Electron Transport System

(CREDITS 4)

16

14

10

10

BIOCHEMISTRY OF METABOLIC PROCESS

PRACTICALS

(CREDITS 2)

- 1. Estimation of total protein in given solutions by Lowry'smethod.
- 2. Detection of SGOT and SGPT in serum/tissue
- 3. To study the enzymatic activity of Trypsin and Lipase.
- 4. Study of biological oxidation (SDH) [goatliver]
- 5. To perform the Acid and Alkaline phosphatase assay from serum/tissue.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Cox, M.M and Nelson, D.L. (2008). *Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry*, V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., NewYork.

Berg,J.M.,Tymoczko,J.L.andStryer,L.(2007).*Biochemistry*,VIEdition,
 W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.

□ Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Well, P.A. (2009). *Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry*, XXVIII Edition, International Edition, The McGraw-Hill CompaniesInc.

□ Hames, B.D. and Hooper, N.M. (2000). *Instant Notes in Biochemistry*, II Edition, BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd.,U.K.

CORE COURSE XI MOLECULAR

BIOLOGY

CODE: ZOO-HC-5016

THEORY	(CREDITS 4)
Unit 1:NucleicAcids	4
Salient features of DNA and RNA Watson and Crick model of DNA	
Unit 2:DNAReplication	12
DNA Replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, mechanism of DNA replication, Semi-conservative, bidirectional and semi- discontinuous replication, RNA priming, Replication of circular and linear <i>ds</i> -DNA, replication of telomeres	
Unit3:Transcription	10
RNA polymerase and transcription Unit, mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, synthesis of rRNA and mRNA, transcription factors	
Unit4:Translation	12
Geneticcode,DegeneracyofthegeneticcodeandWobbleHypothesis;Proc essof protein synthesis in prokaryotes: Ribosome structure and assembly in prokaryotes, fidelity of protein synthesis, aminoacyl tRNA synthetases and charging of tRNA; Proteins involved in initiation, elongation and termination of polypeptidechain;Inhibitorsofproteinsynthesis;Differencebetweenprokar yotic and eukaryotic translation	
Unit 5: Post Transcriptional Modifications and Processing of Eul RNA	karyotic 6
Structure of globin mRNA; Split genes: concept of introns and exons, splicing mechanism, alternative splicing, exon shuffling, and RNA editing, Processing of tRNA	
Unit 6:GeneRegulation	10

Transcription regulation in prokaryotes: Principles of transcriptional regulation with examples from *lac* operon and *trp*operon; Transcription regulation in eukaryotes: enhance silencer Activators, repressors, rs,

elements; Gene silencing, Genetic imprioring

Unit 7: DNA Repair Mechanisms

3

Unit 8: Regulatory RNAs

Ribo-switches, RNA interference, miRNA, siRNA

MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

- 1. Study of Polytene chromosomes from Chironomous / Drosophilalarvae
- 2. Preparation of liquid culture medium(LB)andraisecultureofE.coli
- 3. Estimation of the growth kinetics of *E. coli* by turbidity method
- 4. Quantitative estimation DNA using colorimeter (Diphenylamine

reagent)

- 5. Quantitative estimation of RNA using Orcinolreaction
- 6. Study and interpretation of electron micrographs/ photographshowing
 - (a) DNA replication
 - (b) Transcription
 - (c) Splitgenes

SUGGESTED READINGS

 \Box Becker, W.M., Kleinsmith, L.J., Hardin, J. and Bertoni, G.P. (2009). *T* heWorld of the Cell. VII Edition. Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco.

□ Bruce Alberts, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts, Peter Walter: *Molecular Biology of the Cell*, IVEdition.

□ CooperG.M.andRobertE.HausmanR.E.*TheCell:AMolecularApp roach*, V Edition, ASM Press and SinauerAssociates.

De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2006). *Cell and Molecular*

Biology.VIIIEdition.LippincottWilliamsandWilkins,Philadelphia.

□ Karp, G. (2010) *Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments.* VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons.Inc.

Lewin B. (2008). *Gene XI*, Jones andBartlett

□ McLennanA.,BatesA.,Turner,P.andWhiteM.(2015).*MolecularBi ology*IV Edition.GS,TaylorandFrancisGroup,NewYorkandLondon.

CORE COURSE XII

PRINCIPLES OF

GENETICS

CODE: ZOO-HC-5026

THEORY

Unit 1: Mendelian Genetics and its Extension

Principles of inheritance, Incomplete dominance and codominance, Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles, Epistasis, Pleiotropy, Sex-linked, sex- influenced and sex-limited characters inheritance.

Unit 2: Linkage, Crossing Over and Chromosomal Mapping 12

Linkage and crossing over, Cytological basis of crossing over, Molecular mechanisms of crossing over including models of recombination, Recombination frequency as a measure of linkage intensity, Two factor and three factor crosses, Interference and coincidence, Somatic cell hybridization.

Unit3:Mutations

Typesofgenemutations(Classification),Typesofchromosomalaberra tions (Classification, figures and with one suitable example of each), Molecular basisofmutationsinrelationtoUVlightandchemicalmutagens;Detection of mutations: CLB method, attached *X* method.

Unit 4:SexDetermination	4
Chromosomal mechanisms of sex determination in Drosophila and Man	
Unit 5:Extra-chromosomalInheritance	6
Criteria for extra-chromosomal inheritance, Antibiotic resistance in <i>Chlamydomonas</i> , Mitochondrial mutations in <i>Saccharomyces</i> , Infective heredity in <i>Paramecium</i> and Maternal effects	
Unit 6:PolygenicInheritance	3
Polygenic inheritance with suitable examples; simple numericals based on it.	
Unit 7: Recombination in BacteriaandViruses	9
Conjugation, Transformation, Transduction, Complementation test in Bacteriophage	
Unit 8: TransposableGeneticElements	8
Transposons in bacteria, Ac-Ds elements in maize and P elements in	

Drosophila, Transposons in humans

8

(CREDITS 4)

PRINCIPLES OF GENETICS

PRACTICALS

(CREDITS 2)

- 1. To study the Mendelian laws and gene interactions.
- 2. Chi-square analyses using seeds/beads/Drosophila.
- 3. Linkage maps based on data from conjugation ,transformation and transduction.
- 4. Linkage maps based on data from *Drosophila* crosses.
- 5. Study of human karyotype (normal and abnormal).
- 6. Pedigree analysis of some human inherited traits.

SUGGESTED READINGS

Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., Snustad, D.P. (2008). *Principles of Genetics*. VIII Edition. WileyIndia

□ Snustad, D.P., Simmons, M.J. (2009). *Principles of Genetics*. V Edition. John Wiley and SonsInc

□ Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A. (2012).

Concepts of Genetics. X Edition. BenjaminCummings

Russell, P. J. (2009). Genetics- A Molecular

Approach. III Edition. BenjaminCummings

Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll,S.B. *Introduction to Genetic Analysis*.IX Edition. W. H. Freeman and Co

□ Fletcher H. and Hickey I. (2015). *Genetics*. IV Edition. GS, Taylor and Francis Group, New York andLondon.

CORE COURSE XIII DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY

CODE: ZOO-HC-6016

THEORY

Unit1:Introduction

Historical perspective and basic concepts: Phases of development, Cell-Cell interaction, Pattern formation, Differentiation and growth, Differentialgene expression, Cytoplasmic determinants and asymmetric cell division

Unit 2: Early Embryonic Development

Gametogenesis, Spermatogenesis, Oogenesis; Types of eggs, Egg membranes; Fertilization (External and Internal): Changes in gametes, Blocks to polyspermy; Planes and patterns of cleavage; Types of Blastula; Fate maps (including Techniques); Early development of frog and chick up to gastrulation; Embryonic induction and organizers

Unit 3: Late Embryonic Development

Fate of Germ Layers; Extra-embryonic membranes in birds; Implantation of embryo in humans, Placenta (Structure,types and functions of placenta)

Unit 4: PostEmbryonicDevelopment

Metamorphosis: Changes, hormonal regulations in amphibians and insects; Regeneration: Modes of regeneration, epimorphosis, morphallaxis and compensatory regeneration (with one example each); Ageing: Concepts and Theories

Unit 5: Implications of Developmental Biology

Teratogenesis: Teratogenic agents and their effects on embryonic development; *In vitro* fertilization, Stem cell (ESC), Amniocentesis

(CREDITS 4)

28

4

12

DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY

PRACTICALS

(CREDITS 2)

1. Study of whole mounts and sections of developmental stages of frog through permanent slides: Cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula, neurula, tail-bud stage, tadpole (external and internal gillstages)

2. Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick through permanent slides: Primitive streak (13 and 18 hours), 21, 24, 28, 33, 36, 48, 72, and 96 hours of incubation (Hamilton and Hamburgerstages)

3. Study of the developmental stages and life cycle of *Drosophila* from stock culture

4. Study of different sections of placenta (photomicropgraph/slides)

5. Project report on *Drosophila* culture/chick embryodevelopment

SUGGESTED READINGS

☐ Gilbert, S. F. (2010). Developmental Biology, IX Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA

□ Balinsky B. I. and Fabian B. C. (1981). An Introduction to Embryology, V Edition, International Thompson ComputerPress

Carlson, R. F. Patten's Foundations of Embryology

□ Kalthoff (2008). Analysis of Biological Development, II Edition, McGraw-Hill Publishers

LewisWolpert(2002).PrinciplesofDevelopment.IIEdition,Oxford University Press

CORE COURSE XIV EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY

CODE: ZOO-HC-6026

THEORY

Unit1:

Life'sBeginnings: Chemogeny, RNAworld, Biogeny, Origin of photosynthesis, Evolution of eukaryotes

Unit2:

Historical review of evolutionary concept: Lamarckism, Darwinism, Neo-Darwinism

Unit3:

Evidences of Evolution: Fossil record (types of fossils, transitional forms, geological time scale, evolution of horse, Molecular (universality of genetic code and protein synthesising machinery, three domains of life, neutral theory of molecular evolution, molecular clock ,example of globin gene family, rRNA/cyt c

Unit4:

Sources of variations: Heritable variations and their role in evolution

Unit5:

Population genetics: Hardy-Weinberg Law (statement and derivation of equation, application of law to human Population); Evolutionary forces upsetting H-W

equilibrium;Naturalselection(conceptoffitness,selectioncoefficient,derivationof one unit of selection for a dominant allele, genetic load, mechanism of working, types of selection, density-dependent selection, heterozygous superiority, kin selection, adaptive resemblances, sexual selection. Genetic Drift (mechanism, founder's effect, bottleneck

phenomenon;RoleofMigrationandMutationinchangingallelefrequencies

Unit6:

Product of evolution: Micro evolutionary changes (inter-population variations, clines, races, Species concept, Isolating mechanisms, modes of speciation—allopatric, sympatric, Adaptive radiation / macroevolution (exemplified by Galapagos finches

Unit7:

Extinctions, Backgroundandmassextinctions(causesandeffects), detailed examp leof K-Textinction

Unit8:

37

4

10

7

(CREDITS 4)

13

8

7

2

Origin and evolution of man, Unique hominin characteristics contrasted with primate characteristics, primate phylogeny from *Dryopithecus*leading to *Homo*

sapiens, molecular analysis of human origin

Unit9:

Phylogenetic trees, Multiple sequence alignment, construction of phylogenetic trees, interpretation of trees

EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY

PRACTICALS

(CREDITS2)

- 1. Study of fossils from models/pictures
- 2. Study of homology and analogy from suitable pecimens
- 3. Study and verification of Hardy-Weinberg Law by chi square analysis
- 4. Graphicalrepresentationandinterpretationofdataofheight/weighto

fasample of 100 humans in relation to their age andsex.

5. Construction of phylogenetic trees with the help of bioinformatics tools(Clustal X, Phylip, NJ) and its interpretation.

SUGGESTED READINGS

□ Ridley,M (2004) Evolution III Edition Blackwellpublishing

□ Hall, B.K. and Hallgrimson, B (2008). Evolution IV Edition. Jones and Barlett Publishers.

Campbell,N.A.andReeceJ.B(2011).Biology.IXEdition.Pearson, Benjamin, Cummings.

- Douglas, J. Futuyma (1997). Evolutionary Biology. SinauerAssociates.
- □ Snustad. S Principles ofGenetics.

Pevsner, J (2009). Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics. II
 Edition Wiley- Blackwell

DISCIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE COURSES CODE: ZOO-HE-5016 COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY and BIOSTATICS

THEORY

Unit 1: Introduction to Bioinformatics

Importance, Goal, Scope; Genomics, Transcriptomics, Systems Biology, Functional Genomics, Metabolomics, Molecular Phylogeny; Applications and Limitations of Bioinformatics

Unit 2:BiologicalDatabases

Introduction to biological databases; Primary, secondary and composite databases; Nucleic acid databases (GenBank, DDBJ, EMBL and NDB); Protein databases (PIR, SWISS-PROT, TrEMBL, PDB); Metabolic pathway database (KEGG, EcoCyc, and MetaCyc); Small molecule databases (PubChem, Drug Bank, ZINC, CSD)

Unit 3: Data Generation and Data Retrieval

Generation of data (Gene sequencing, Protein sequencing, Mass spectrometry, Microarray), Sequence submission tools (BankIt, Sequin, Webin); Sequence file format (flat file, FASTA, GCG, EMBL, Clustal, Phylip, Swiss-Prot); Sequence annotation; Data retrieval systems (SRS, Entrez)

Unit 3: Basic Concepts of Sequence Alignment

Scoring Matrices (PAM, BLOSUM), Methods of Alignment (Dot matrix, Dynamic Programming, BLAST and FASTA); Local and global alignment, pair wise and multiple sequence alignments; Similarity, identity and homology of sequences.

Unit 4: Applications of Bioinformatics

Structural Bioinformatics (3-D protein, PDB), Functional genomics (genome- wide and high throughput approaches to gene and protein function), Drug discovery method (Basic concepts)

Unit5:Biostatistics

Introduction, calculation of standard deviation, standard error, Coefficient of Variance, Chi-square test, Z test, t-Test

(Credits 4)

10

5

14

7

14

COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(Credits 2)

- 1. Accessing biological databases
- 2. Retrieval of nucleotide and protein sequences from the databases.
- 3. To perform pair-wise alignment of sequences (BLAST) and interpret the output
- 4. Predict the structure of protein from its amino acid sequence.
- 5. To perform a "two-sample t- test" for a given set ofdata

6. Tolearngraphicalrepresentationsofstatisticaldatawiththehel pofcomputers (e.g. MSExcel).

SUGGESTED READINGS

Ghosh Z and Mallick B. (2008). Bioinformatics: *Principles and Applications*, Oxford UniversityPress.

Devsner J. (2009). *Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics*, II Edition, Wiley Blackwell.

Zvelebil,MarketaandBaumO.Jeremy(2008).*Understanding Bioinformatics*, Garland Science, Taylor and Francis Group,USA.

Zar, Jerrold H. (1999). Biostatistical Analysis, IV Edition,Pearson Education Inc and Dorling Kindersley Publishing Inc.USA

Antonisamy, B., Christopher S. and Samuel, P. P. (2010). *Biostatistics:*

PrinciplesandPractice.TataMcGrawHillEducationPrivateLimited,In dia.

□ Pagana,M.andGavreau,K.(2000).*PrinciplesofBiostatistics*, DuxberryPress, USA

CODE: ZOO-HC-5026

ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

THEORY

Unit 1. Introduction	8
Concept and scope of biotechnology	
Unit 2. Molecular Techniques in Gene manipulation	24
Cloning vectors: Plasmids, Cosmids, Phagemids, Lambda Bacteriophage, M13, BAC, YAC, MAC and Expression vectors (characteristics).	
Restriction enzymes: Nomenclature, detailed study of Type II.	
Transformation techniques: Calcium chloride method and electroporation.	
Construction of genomic and cDNA libraries and screening by colony and plaque hybridization	
Southern, Northern and Western blotting	
DNA sequencing: Sanger method	
Polymerase Chain Reaction, DNA Finger Printing and DNA micro array	
Unit 3. Genetically Modified Organisms	18
Production of cloned and transgenic animals: Nuclear Transplantation, Retroviral Method, DNA microinjection	
Applicationsoftransgenicanimals:Productionofpharmaceuticals, production ofdonor organs, knock outmice.	
Production of transgenic plants: <i>Agrobacterium</i> mediated transformation.	
Applications of transgenic plants: insect and herbicide resistant plants.	
Unit 4. Culture Techniques and Applications	10
Animalcellculture,Expressingclonedgenesinmammaliancells,Mole cular diagnosis of genetic diseases (Cysticfibrosis,Sicklecellanemia)	
Recombinant DNA in medicines: Recombinant insulin and human growth hormone, Gene therapy	
ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY	

PRACTICAL

1. Genomic DNA isolation from $E.coli_{42}$

2. Plasmid DNA isolation (pUC 18/19) from *E.coli*

(Credits 2)

3. Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA.

4. Construction of circular and linear restriction map from the data provided.

- 5. Calculation of transformation efficiency from the data provided..
- 6. To study following techniques through photographs
 - a. Southern Blotting
 - b. Northern Blotting
 - c. Western Blotting
 - d. DNA Sequencing (Sanger'sMethod)
 - e. PCR
 - f. DNA fingerprinting
- 7. Projectreportonanimalcellculture

SUGGESTED READINGS

• Brown, T.A. (1998). *Molecular Biology Labfax II: Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis*. II Edition, Academic Press, California,USA.

• Glick, B.R. and Pasternak, J.J. (2009). Molecular Biotechnology-Principles and

Applications of Recombinant DNA. IVE dition, ASM press, Washington, USA

• Griffiths, A.J.F., J.H. Miller, Suzuki, D.T., Lewontin, R.C. and Gelbart, W.M. (2009).*AnIntroductiontoGeneticAnalysis*.IXEdition.FreemanandCo.,N.Y ., USA.

• Snustad, D.P. and Simmons, M.J. (2009). *Principles of Genetics*. VEd ition, John Wiley and SonsInc.

• Watson, J.D., Myers, R.M., Caudy, A. and Witkowski, J.K. (2007). *Re* combinant DNA- Genes and Genomes- A Short Course. III Edition, Freeman and Co., N.Y., USA.

• Beauchamp, T.I. and Childress, J.F. (2008). *Principles of Biomedical Ethics*. VI Edition, Oxford University Press.

CODE: ZOO-HE-5036 ENDOCRINOLOGY

THEORY	(Credits 4)
Unit 1: Introduction to Endocrinology	12
History of endocrinology, Classification, Characteristic and Transport of Hormones, Neuro secretions and Neuro hormones	
Unit 2: Epiphysis, Hypothalamo-hypophysialAxis	15
Structure of pineal gland, Secretions and their functions in biological rhythm sand reproduction.	
Structure of hypothalamus, Hypothalamic nuclei and their functions, Regulation of neuroendocrine glands, Feed back mechanisms	
Structure of pituitary gland, Hormones and their functions, Hypothalamo- hypophysial portal system, Disorders of pituitary gland.	
Unit3:Peripheral Endocrine Glands	18
Structure, Hormones, Functions and Regulation of Thyroid gland, Parathyroid, Adrenal, Pancreas, Ovary and Testis	
Hormones in homeostasis, Disorders of endocrine glands	
Unit4: Regulation of Hormone Action Hormone action at Cellular level: Hormone receptors, transduction and regulation Hormone action at Molecular level: Molecular mediators, Genetic control of hormone action	15 1

ENDOCRINOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(Credits 2)

1. Dissect and display of Endocrine glands in laboratory bred rat* 2.Study of the permanent slides of all the endocrine glands

3. Demonstration of Castration/ovariectomy in laboratory bred rat* 4. Designing of primers of any hormone

SUGGESTED READINGS

General Endocrinology C. Donnell Turner Pub- SaundersToppan

□ Endocrinology: An Integrated Approach; Stephen Nussey and Saffron Whitehead.

Oxford: BIOS Scientific Publishers;2001.

□ Hadley, M.E. and Levine J.E. 2007. Endocrinology, 6th Edition. Pearson Prentice-Hall, Pearson Education Inc., NewJersey.

□ Vertebrate Endocrinology by David O.Norris,

CODE: ZOO-HE-5046 PARASITOLOGY

THEORY

Unit I: Introduction to Parasitology

Brief introduction of Parasitism, Parasite, Parasitoid and Vectors (mechanical and biological vector) Host parasite relationship

Unit II: Parasitic Protists

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of *Entamoeba histolytica*, *Giardia intestinalis*, *Trypanoso magambiense*, *Leishmania donovani*, *Plasmodium vivax*

Unit III: Parasitic Platyhelminthes

15

15

3

(CREDITS 4)

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of *Fasciolopsis buski*, *Schistosoma haematobium*, *Taenia solium* and *Hymenolepis nana*

Unit IV: Parasitic Nematodes

Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of *Ascarislumbricoides*,

Ancylostomaduodenale, *Wuchereriabancrofti* and *Trichinellaspiralis*. Study of structure, life cycle and importance of *Meloidogyne*(root knot nematode), *Pratylencus*(lesion nematode)

Unit IV: Parasitic Arthropoda

Biology, importance and control of ticks, mites, *Pediculushumanus*(head and body louse), *Xenopsyllacheopis*and *Cimexlectularius*

Unit V: Parasitic Vertebrates

A brief account of parasitic vertebrates; Cookicutter Shark, Candiru, Hood Mockingbird and Vampire bat

15

2

PARASITOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(Credits 2)

□ Study of life stages of *Entamoeba histolytica*, *Giardia intestinalis*, *Trypanosoma gambiense*, *Leishmania donovani* and *Plasmodium vivax* through permanent slides/microphotographs

□ Study of adult and life stages of *Fasciolopsis buski*, *Schistoso mahaematobium*, *Taenia solium* and *Hymenolepis nana* through permanent slides/microphotographs

Study of adult and life stages of Ascarislumbricoides,Ancylostomaduodenale,WuchereriabancroftiandTrichinellaspiralisthrough permanent slides/microphotographs

□ Study of plant parasitic root knot nematode, *Meloidogyne* from the soil sample

Study of *Pediculushumanus*(Head louse and Body louse), *Xenopsyllacheopis*and*Cimexlectularius*throughpermanentslides/phot ographs

□ Study of monogenea from the gills of fresh/marine fish [Gills can be procured from fish market as by product of theindustry]

Study of nematode/cestode parasites from the intestines of Poultry bird [Intestine can be procured from poultry/market as a byproduct]

Submission of a brief report on parasitic

vertebrates SUGGESTEDREADINGS

□ Arora, D. R and Arora, B. (2001) *Medical Parasitology*. II Edition. CBS Publications andDistributors

□ E.R. Noble and G.A. Noble (1982) Parasitology: The biology of animal parasites. V Edition, Lea &Febiger

Ahmed,N.,Dawson,M.,Smith,C.andWood,Ed.(2007)*BiologyofDisease*. Taylor and Francis Group

□ Parija, S. C. Textbook of medical parasitology, protozoology & helminthology (Text and colour Atlas), II Edition, All India Publishers & Distributers, Medical Books Publishers, Chennai,Delhi

□ RattanLalIchhpujaniandRajeshBhatia.MedicalParasitology ,IIIEdition,Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd., NewDelhi Meyer, Olsen & Schmidt's Essentials of Parasitology, Murray, D. Dailey, W.C. BrownPublishers

K. D. Chatterjee (2009). Parasitology: Protozoology and Helminthology. XIII Edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors (P)Lt

CODE: ZOO-HE-6016 BIOLOGY OF INSECTA

THEORY	(Credits 4)
UnitI: Introduction	4
General Features of Insects	
Distribution and Success of Insects on the Earth	
Unit II:Insect Taxonomy	4
Basis of insect classification; Classification of insects up to orders	
Unit III: General Morphology of Insects	8
External Features; Head – Eyes, Types of antennae, Mouth parts w.r.t. feeding habits	
Thorax:Wings and wing articulation, Types of Legs adapted to	
diverse habitat Abdominal appendages and genitalia	
Unit IV: Physiology of Insects	28
Structure and physiology of Insect body systems - Integumentary, digestive, excretory, circulatory, respiratory, endocrine, reproductive, and nervous system	d
Sensory receptors	
Growth and metamorphosis	
Unit IV: Insect Society	6
Group of social insects and their social life	
Social organization and social behaviour (w.r.t. any one example)	
Unit V: Insect Plant Interaction	4
Theory of co-evolution, role of allele chemicals in host plant	
mediation Host-	
plantselectionbyphytophagousinsects,Insectsasplantpests	
Unit VI: InsectsasVectors	6
Insects as mechanical and Biological vectors, Brief discussion on hous mosquitoes as important insect vectors	eflies and

BIOLOGY OF INSECTA

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

- 1. Study of one specimen from each insect order
- 2. Study of different kinds of antennae, legs and mouth parts of insects
- 3. Study of head and sclerites of any one insect
- 4. Study of insect wings and theirvenation.
- 5. Study of insect spiracles
- 6. Methodology of collection, preservation and identification of insects.

7. Morphological studies of various castes of *Apis, Camponotus* and *Odontotermes*

- 8. Study of any three insect pests and theirdamages
- 9. Study of any three beneficial insects and theirproducts

Field study of insects and submission of a project report on the insect diversity

SUGGESTED READINGS

Ageneraltextbookofentomology,Imms,A.D.,Chapman&Hall,UK

□ The Insects: Structure and function, Chapman, R. F., Cambridge University Press,UK

□ PrinciplesofInsectMorphology,Snodgrass,R.E.,CornellUniv.Press,USA

□ Introduction to the study of insects, Borror, D. J., Triplehorn, C. A., and Johnson, N. F., M Saunders College Publication,USA

The Insect Societies, Wilson, E. O., Harward Univ. Press, UK

□ HostSelectionbyPhytophagousinsects,Bernays,E.A.,andCh apman,R.F., Chapman and Hall, New York,USA

Dependence of the Physiological system in Insects, Klowden, M. J., Academic Press, USA

□ The Insects, An outline of Entomology, Gullan, P. J. , and Cranston, P. S., Wiley Blackwell,UK

Insect Physiology and Biochemistry, Nation, J. L., CRC Press, USA

CODE: ZOO-HE-6026

FISH AND FISHERIES

THEORY

UNIT 1: Introduction and Classification:

General description of fish; Account of systematic classification of fishes (upto classes); Classification based on feeding habit, habitat and manner of reproduction.

UNIT 2: Morphology and Physiology:

Types of fins and their modifications; Locomotion in fishes; Hydrodynamics; Types of Scales, Use of scales in Classification and determination of age of fish; Gills and gas exchange; Swim Bladder: Types and role in Respiration, buoyancy; Osmoregulation in Elasmobranchs; Reproductive strategies (special reference to Indian fishes); Electric organs; Bioluminiscience; Mechanoreceptors; Schooling; Parental care; Migration

UNIT3:Fisheries

Inland Fisheries; Marine Fisheries; Environmental factors influencing the seasonal variations in fish catches in the Arabian Sea and the Bay of Bengal; Fishing crafts and Gears; Depletion of fisheries resources; Application of remote sensing and GIS in fisheries; Fisheries law and regulations

Unit4:Aquaculture

Sustainable Aquaculture; Extensive, semi-intensive and intensive culture offish; Pen and cage culture; Polyculture; Composite fish culture; Brood stock management; Induced breeding of fish; Management of finfish hatcheries; Preparationandmaintenanceoffishaquarium;Preparationofcompounddietsf or fish; Role of water quality in aquaculture; Fish diseases: Bacterial, viral and parasitic;Preservationandprocessingofharvestedfish,Fisheryby-

UNIT 5: Fish in research

products

53

(Credits 4)

6

18

20

Transgenic fish, Zebra fish as a model organism in research

FISH AND FISHERIES

PRACTICAL

(Credits 2)

1. Morphometric and meristic characters of fishes

2. Study of *Petromyzon*, *Myxine*, *Pristis*, *Chimaera*,

Exocoetus, Hippocampus, Gambusia, Labeo, Heteropneustes Anabas

3. Study of different types of scales (through permanent slides/photographs).

4. Study of crafts and gears used in Fisheries

5. WaterqualitycriteriaforAquaculture:AssessmentofpH,cond uctivity,Total solids, Total dissolved solids

6. Study of air breathing organs in *Channa, Heteropneustes, Anabas* and *Clarias*

7. Demonstration of induced breeding in Fishes(video)

8. Demonstration of parental care in fishes(video)

9. ProjectReportonavisittoanyfishfarm/piscicultureunit/Zebra fishrearing Lab.

SUGGESTED READINGS

• QBone and R Moore, Biology of Fishes, Talyor and Francis Group, CRCPress, U.K.

• D. H. Evans and J. D. Claiborne, The Physiology of Fishes, Taylor and Francis Group,CRCPress,UKvonderEmde,R.J.MogdansandB.G.Kapoor.TheSensesof Fish:AdaptationsfortheReceptionofNaturalStimuli,Springer,Netherlands

- C.B.L. Srivastava, Fish Biology, Narendra Publishing House
- J.R. Norman, A history of Fishes, Hill and Wang Publishers

• S.S. Khanna and H.R. Singh, A text book of Fish Biology and Fisheries, Narendra Publishing House

CODE: ZOO-HE-6036 REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY

THEORY

(CREDITS 4)

Unit 1: Reproductive Endocrinology

Gonadalhormonesandmechanismofhormoneaction, steroids, glycoproteinhormones , and prostaglandins, hypothalamo – hypophyseal – gonadal axis, regulation of gonado trophin secretion in male and female; Reproductive System: Development and differentiation of gonads, genital ducts, external genitalia, mechanism of sex differentiation.

Unit 2: Functional anatomy of male reproduction

Outline and histological of male reproductive system in rat and human; Testis: Cellular functions, germ cell, system cell renewal; Spermatogenesis: kinetics and hormonal regulation; Androgen synthesis and metabolism; Epididymal function and sperm maturation; Accessory glands functions; Sperm transportation in male tract

Unit 3: Functional anatomy of female reproduction

Outline and histological of female reproductive system in rat and human; Ovary: folliculogenesis, ovulation, corpus luteum formation and regression; Steroidogenesis and secretion of ovarian hormones; Reproductive cycles (rat and human) and their regulation, changes in the female tract; Ovum transport in the fallopian tubes; Sperm transport in the female tract, fertilization; Hormonal control of implantation; Hormonal regulation of gestation, pregnancy diagnosis, foeto – maternal relationship; Mechanism of parturition and its hormonal regulation; Lactation and its regulation

Unit 4: Reproductive Health

Infertility in male and female: causes, diagnosis and management; Assisted Reproductive Technology: sex selection, sperm banks, frozen embryos, in vitro fertilization, ET,EFT, IUT, ZIFT, GIFT, ICSI, PROST; Modern contraceptive technologies; Demographic terminology used in family planning

REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

1. Study of animal house: set up and maintenance of animal house, breeding techniques, care of normal and experimental animals.

2. Examination of vaginal smear rats from live animals.

3. Examination of histological sections from photomicrographs/ permanent slides of rat/human: testis, epididymis and accessory glands of male reproductive systems; Sections of ovary, fallopian tube, uterus (proliferative and secretory stages), cervix and vagina.

- 4. Sperm count and sperm motility in rat
- 5. Study of modern contraceptive devices

SUGGESTED READINGS

- □ Austin, C.R. and Short, R.V. reproduction in Mammals. Cambridge University Press.
- Degroot,L.J.andJameson,J.L.(eds).Endocrinology.W.B.SaundersandCompany.
- □ Knobil,E.etal.(eds).ThePhysiologyofReproduction.RavenPressLtd.

□ Hatcher, R.A. et al. The Essentials of Contraceptive Technology. Population Information Programme.

CODE: ZOO-HE-6046 WILD LIFE CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT

THEORY

(CREDITS 4)

Unit 1: Introduction to Wild Life

Values of wildlife-positive and negative; Conservation ethics; Importance of conservation; Causes of depletion; World conservation strategies.

Unit 2: Evaluation and management of wild life

Habitat analysis, Physical parameters :Topography, Geology, Soil and water; Biological Parameters: food, cover, forage, browse and cover estimation; Standard evaluation procedures: remote sensing and GIS.

Unit 3: Management of habitats

Setting back succession; Grazing logging; Mechanical treatment; Advancing the successionalprocess;Coverconstruction;Preservationofgeneralgeneticdi versity; Restoration of degradedhabitats

Unit 4: Population estimation

Population density, Natality, Birth rate, Mortality, fertility schedules and sex ratio computation; Faecal analysis of ungulates and carnivores: Faecal samples, slide preparation, Hair identification, Pug marks and census method.

Unit 5: Management planning of wild life in protected areas

Estimationofcarryingcapacity;Ecotourism/wildlifetourisminforests;Conceptofclimax persistence; Ecology of perturbence.

Unit 7: Management of excess population

Bio-telemetry; Care of injured and diseased animal; Quarantine; Common diseases of wild animal

Unit 8: Protected areas

Nationalparks&sanctuaries,Communityreserve;ImportantfeaturesofprotectedareasinI ndia; Tigerconservation-TigerreservesinIndia;ManagementchallengesinTigerreserve.

WILD LIFE CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT

PRACTICALS

(CREDITS 2)

1. Identification of flora, mammalian fauna, avian fauna, herpeto-fauna

2. Demonstration of basic equipment needed in wildlife studies use, care and maintenance (Compass, Binoculars, Spotting scope, Range Finders, Global Positioning System, Various types of Cameras and lenses)

3. Familiarization and study of animal evidences in the field; Identification of animals through pugmarks, hoofmarks, scats, pellet groups, nest, antlers etc.

4. Demonstration of different field techniques for flora and fauna

5. PCQ,Tentree

method,Circular,Square&rectangularplots,Parker's2Stepandot her methods for ground cover assessment, Tree canopy cover assessment, Shrub cover assessment.

6. Trail/transectmonitoringforabundanceanddiversityestimati onofmammalsandbird (direct and indirect evidences)

SUGGESTED READINGS

□ Caughley, G., and Sinclair, A.R.E. (1994). *Wildlife Ecology and Management*. Blackwell Science.

□ WoodroffeR.,Thirgood,S.andRabinowitz,A.(2005).*Peoplea ndWildlife,Conflict or Co-existence*? Cambridge University.

□ Bookhout, T.A. (1996). *Research and Management Techniques for Wildlife and Habitats*, 5 th edition. The Wildlife Society, Allen Press.

□ Sutherland, W.J. (2000). *The Conservation Handbook: Research, Management and Policy*. Blackwell Sciences

□ HunterM.L.,Gibbs,J.B.andSterling,E.J.(2008).*Problem*-SolvinginConservation Biology and Wildlife Management: Exercises for Class, Field, and Laboratory. Blackwell Publishing.

ZOO-HE-6056 DISSERTATION

Dissertation of Zoology Specific subject

□ .

GENERIC ELECTIVE COURSES CODE: ZOO-HG-1016 ANIMAL DIVERSITY

THEORY	(CREDITS 4)
Unit 1:Kingdom Protista General characters and classification up to classes; Locomotory Organelle Protozoa	4 es and locomotion in
Unit 2: Phylum Porifera General characters and classification up to classes; Canal System in Sycon	3
Unit 3: Phylum Cnidaria General characters and classification up to classes; Polymorphism in Hyd	3 rozoa
Unit 4:Phylum Platyhelminthes General characters and classification up to classes; Life history of <i>Taenia</i>	3 solium
Unit 5: Phylum Nemathelminthes General characters and classification up to classes; Life history of <i>Ascaris</i> its parasitic adaptations	5 s <i>lumbricoides</i> and
Unit 6:Phylum Annelida General characters and classification up to classes; Metamerism in Anneli	3 ida
Unit 7:Phylum Arthropoda General characters and classification up to classes; Vision in Arthropoda, Insects	5 Metamorphosis in

Unit 8: Phylum Mollusca General characters and classification up to classes; Torsion in gastropods	4
Unit 9: Phylum Echinodermata General characters and classification up to classes; Water-vascular system in Asteroidea	4
Unit 10: Protochordates General features and Phylogeny of Protochordata	2
Unit 11: Agnatha General features of Agnatha and classification of cyclostomes up to classes	2
Unit 12: Pisces General features and Classification up to orders; Osmoregulation in Fishes	4

Unit13: Amphibia General features and Classification up to orders; Parental care	4
Unit14: Reptiles General features and Classification up to orders; Poisonous and non-poisonous snakes, E mechanism in snakes	4 Biting
Unit15: Aves General features and Classification up to orders; Flight adaptations in birds	5
Unit17: Mammals Classification up to orders; Origin of mammals	5

Note: Classification of Unit 1-9 to be followed from "Barnes, R.D. (1982). *Invertebrate Zoology*, V Edition"

ANIMAL DIVERSITY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS2)

1. Study of the followingspecimens:

Amoeba, Euglena, Plasmodium, Paramecium, Sycon, Hyalonema, and Euplectella, Obelia, Physalia, Aurelia, Tubipora, Metridium, Taeniasolium, Male and female Ascarislumbricoides, Aphrodite, Nereis, Pheretima, Hirudinaria, Palaemon, Cancer, Limulus, Palamnaeus, Scolopendra, Julus, Periplaneta, Apis, Chiton, Dentalium, Pila, Unio, Loligo, Sepia, Octopus, Pentaceros, Ophiura, Echinus, Cucumariaand Antedon, Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Branchiostoma, Petromyzon, Sphyrna, Pristis, Torpedo, Labeo, Exocoetus, Anguilla, Ichthyophis/Ureotyphlus, Salamandra, Bufo, Hyla, Chelone, Hemidactylus, Chamaeleon, Draco, Vipera, Naja, Crocodylus, Gavialis, Any six common birds from different orders, Sorex, Bat, Funambulus,Loris

- 2. Study of the following permanent slides:T.S. and L.S. of *Sycon*, Study of life history stages of *Taenia*, T.S. of Male and female *Ascaris*
- 3. Key for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes

An "**animal album**" containing photographs, cut outs, with appropriate write up about the above mentioned taxa. Different taxa/ topics may be given to different sets of students for thispurpose.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). *Invertebrate Zoology*, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders International Edition.
- Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P.J.W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). *The Invertebrates: A New Synthesis*, III Edition, BlackwellScience
- Young, J. Z. (2004). The Life of Vertebrates. III Edition. Oxford universitypress.
- Pough H. Vertebrate life, VIII Edition, PearsonInternational.
- Hall B.K. and Hallgrimsson B. (2008). *Strickberger's Evolution*. IV Edition. Jones and Bartlett PublishersInc.

COMPARATIVE ANATOMY AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY OF VERTEBRATES CODE: ZOO-HG-2016

THEORY	(CREDITS 4)
Unit 1: Integumentary System Derivatives of integument w.r.t. glands and digital tips	4
Unit 2: Skeletal System Evolution of visceral arches	3
Unit 3:Digestive System Brief account of alimentary canal and digestive glands	4
Unit 4:RespiratorySystem Brief account of Gills, lungs, air sacs and swim bladder	5
Unit 5: Circulatory System Evolution of heart and aortic arches	4
Unit 6:Urinogenital System Succession of kidney, Evolution of urinogenital ducts	4
Unit 7:Nervous System Comparative account of brain	3
Unit 8: Sense Organs Types of receptors	3

Unit 9: Early Embryonic Development

Gametogenesis: Spermatogenesis and oogenesis w.r.t. mammals, vitellogenesis in birds; Fertilization: external (amphibians), internal (mammals), blocks to polyspermy; Early development of frog and humans (structure of mature egg and its membranes, patterns of cleavage, fate map, up to formation of gastrula);types of morphogenetic movements; Fate of germ layers; Neurulation in frog embryo.

Unit 10: Late Embryonic Development

Implantation of embryo in humans, Formation of human placenta and functions, other types of placenta on the basis of histology; Metamorphic events in frog life cycle and its hormonal regulation.

Unit 11: Control of Development

10

12

Fundamental processes in development (brief idea) – Gene activation, determination, induction, Differentiation, morphogenesis, intercellular communication, cell movements and cell death

COMPARATIVE ANATOMY AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY OF VERTEBRATES

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

1. Osteology:

- a) Disarticulated skeleton of fowl and rabbit
- b) Carapace and plastron of turtle/tortoise
- c) Mammalian skulls: One herbivorous and one carnivorous animal.

2. Frog - Study of developmental stages - whole mounts and sections through permanent slides – cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula, neurula, tail bud stage, tadpole external and internal gill stages.

3. Study of the different types of placenta- histological sections through permanent slides or photomicrographs.

4. Examination of gametes - frog/rat - sperm and ova through permanent slides or photomicrographs.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Kardong, K.V. (2005) *Vertebrates' Comparative Anatomy, Function and Evolution*. IV Edition. McGraw-Hill Higher Education.
- Kent, G.C. and Carr R.K. (2000). *Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates*. IX Edition. The McGraw-Hill Companies.
- Hilderbrand, M and Gaslow G.E. Analysis of Vertebrate Structure, John Wiley and Sons.
- Walter, H.E. and Sayles, L.P; *Biology of Vertebrates*, Khosla Publishing House.
- Gilbert, S. F. (2006). Developmental Biology, VIII Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA.
- Balinsky, B.I. (2008). An introduction to Embryology, International Thomson Computer Press.
- Carlson, Bruce M (1996). Patten's Foundations of Embryology, McGraw Hill, Inc.

CORE COURSE III PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

CODE: ZOO-HG-3016

THEORY	(CREDITS 4)
Unit 1: Nerveandmuscle Structure of a neuron, Resting membrane potential, Graded potential and its propagation in myelinated and non-myelinated nerve of skeletal muscle, Molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction	e fibres, Ultra-structure
Unit2: Digestion Physiology of digestion in the alimentary canal; Absorption of carbohy	5 ydrates, proteins, lipids
Unit3: Respiration Pulmonary ventilation, Respiratory volumes and capacities, Transport dioxide in blood	5 of Oxygen and carbon
Unit 4: Excretion Structure of nephron, Mechanism of Urine formation, Counter-current	5 Mechanism
Unit 5: Cardiovascular system Composition of blood, Hemostasis, Structure of Heart, Origin and con- impulse, Cardiac cycle	6 duction of the cardiac
Unit 6: Reproduction andEndocrineGlands Physiology of male reproduction: hormonal control of spermatogenesi female reproduction: hormonal control of menstrualcycle Structure and function of pituitary, thyroid, Parathyroid, pancreas and	
Unit 7: Carbohydrate Metabolism Glycolysis, Krebs Cycle, Pentose phosphate pathway, Gluco metabolism, Review of electron transport chain	8 neogenesis, Glycogen
Unit 8: Lipid Metabolism Biosynthesis and β oxidation of palmitic acid	5
Unit 9: Protein metabolism Transamination, Deamination and Urea Cycle	5
Unit 10: Enzymes Introduction, Mechanism of action, Enzyme Kinetics, Inhibition and Re	6 egulation

PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS2)

- 1. Preparation of hemin crystals
- 2. Study of permanent histological sections of mammalian pituitary, thyroid, pancreas, adrenal gland
- 3. Study of permanent slides of spinal cord, duodenum, liver, lung, kidney, bone, cartilage
- 4. Qualitative tests to identify functional groups of carbohydrates in given solutions (Glucose, Fructose, Sucrose, Lactose)
- 2. Estimation of total protein in given solutions by Lowry's method.
- 3. Study of activity of salivary amylase under optimum conditions

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Tortora, G.J. and Derrickson, B.H. (2009). *Principles of Anatomy and Physiology*, XII Edition, John Wiley & Sons,Inc.
- Widmaier, E.P., Raff, H. and Strang, K.T. (2008) *Vander's Human Physiology*, XI Edition., McGrawHill
- Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E. (2011). Textbook of Medical Physiology, XII Edition, Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd/ W.B. SaundersCompany
- Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L. and Stryer, L. (2006). *Biochemistry*. VI Edition. W.H Freeman andCo.
- Nelson, D. L., Cox, M. M. and Lehninger, A.L. (2009). *Principles of Biochemistry*. IV Edition. W.H. Freeman andCo.
- Murray, R.K., Granner, D.K., Mayes, P.A. and Rodwell, V.W. (2009). *Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry*. XXVIII Edition. Lange Medical Books/McGraw3Hill.

GENETICS AND EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY CODE: ZOO-HG-4016

THEORY

Unit 1: Introduction to Genetics

Mendel's work on transmission of traits, Genetic Variation, Molecular basis of Genetic Information

Unit 2: Mendelian Genetics and its Extension

Principles of Inheritance, Chromosome theory of inheritance, Incomplete dominance and codominance, Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles, Epistasis, Pleiotropy, sex linked inheritance, extra-chromosomal inheritance

Unit 3: Linkage, Crossing Over and Chromosomal Mapping

Linkage and crossing over, Recombination frequency as a measure of linkage intensity, two factor and three factor crosses, Interference and coincidence, Somatic cell genetics - an alternative approach to gene mapping

Unit4: Mutations

Chromosomal Mutations: Deletion, Duplication, Inversion, Translocation, Aneuploidy and Polyploidy; Gene mutations: Induced versus Spontaneous mutations, Back versus Suppressor mutations,

Unit 5: Sex Determination

Chromosomal mechanisms, dosage compensation

Unit 6: History of Life

Major Events in History of Life

Unit 7: Introduction to Evolutionary Theories

Lamarckism, Darwinism, Neo-Darwinism

Unit 8: Direct Evidences of Evolution

Types of fossils, Incompleteness of fossil record, Dating of fossils, Phylogeny of horse

Unit 9: Processes of Evolutionary Change

Organic variations; Isolating Mechanisms; Natural selection (Example: Industrial melanism); Types of natural selection (Directional, Stabilizing, Disruptive), Artificial selection

Unit 10:Species Concept

Biological species concept (Advantages and Limitations); Modes of speciation (Allopatric, Sympatric)

(CREDITS 4)

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Unit11:Macro-evolution

Macro-evolutionary Principles (example: Darwin's Finches)

Unit 12: Extinction

Mass extinction (Causes, Names of five major extinctions, K-T extinction in detail), Role of extinction in evolution

GENETICS AND EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

- 1. Study of Mendelian Inheritance and gene interactions (Non Mendelian Inheritance) using suitable examples. Verify the results using Chi-square test.
- 2. Study of Linkage, recombination, gene mapping using the data.
- 3. Study of Human Karyotypes (normal and abnormal).
- 4. Study of fossil evidences from plaster cast models and pictures
- 5. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens/pictures
- 6. Charts:
 - a) Phylogeny of horse with diagrams/ cut outs of limbs and teeth of horse ancestors
 - b) Darwin's Finches with diagrams/ cut outs of beaks of different species
- 7. Visit to Natural History Museum and submission of report

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., Snustad, D.P. (2008). *Principles of Genetics*. VIII Edition. WileyIndia.
- Snustad, D.P., Simmons, M.J. (2009). *Principles of Genetics*. V Edition. John Wiley and SonsInc.
- Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A. (2012). *Concepts of Genetics*. X Edition. BenjaminCummings.
- Russell, P. J. (2009). *Genetics- A Molecular Approach*. III Edition. Benjamin Cummings.
- Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S.B. *Introduction to Genetic Analysis*. IX Edition. W. H. Freeman andCo.
- Ridley, M. (2004). *Evolution*. III Edition. BlackwellPublishing
- Barton, N. H., Briggs, D. E. G., Eisen, J. A., Goldstein, D. B. and Patel, N. H.(2007). *Evolution*. Spring, Harbour Laboratory Press.
- Hall, B. K. and Hall grimsson, B. (2008). *Evolution*. IV Edition. Jones and Bartlett Publishers
- Campbell, N. A. and Reece J. B. (2011). *Biology*. IX Edition, Pearson, Benjamin, Cummings.
- Douglas, J. Futuyma (1997). *Evolutionary Biology*. Sinauer Associates.

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

CODE: ZOO-SE-3014

Credit-4

Ornamental Fish & Fisheries

- 1. Ornamental Fish Diversity of North East India.
- 2. Aquarium plant diversity in the wetland of Assam.
- 3. Construction and management of Home Aquarium.
- 4. Natural feed of Ornamental Fish
- 5. Strategies for maintenance of natural colour of Ornamental Fish
- 6. Natural Breeding of Tricogaster species
- 7. Health management of Ornamental Fish
- 8. Feed formulation of Ornamental Fish
- 9. Development of Biological filtration in Aquarium
- 10. Pure culture of planktons

Practical's

- 11. Identification of Ornamental Fish
- 12. Culture of Indigenous ornamental fish in Aquarium
- 13. Estimation of Physico-chemical characteristics of Aquarium water
- 14. Biological filter for removal of Ammonia from Aquarium
- 15. Culture of Planktons

APICULTURE

CODE: ZOO-SE-3024

(CREDITS4)

Unit 1: Biology of Bees

History, Classification and Biology of Honey Bees Social Organization of Bee Colony

Unit 2: Rearing of Bees

Artificial Bee rearing(Apiary),Beehives–Newton and Langstroth Bee Pasturage Selection of Bee Species for Apiculture Bee Keeping Equipment Methods of Extraction of Honey (Indigenous and Modern)

72

Unit 3: Diseases and Enemies Bee Diseases and Enemies Control and Preventive measures

Unit 4:Bee Economy

Products of Apiculture Industry and its Uses (Honey, Bees Wax, Propolis), Pollen etc

Unit5:EntrepreneurshipinApiculture

Bee Keeping Industry–Recent Efforts, Modern Methods in employing artificial Beehives for cross pollination in horticultural gardens

SUGGESTED READINGS

□ Prost, P. J. (1962). *Apiculture*. Oxford and IBH, New Delhi.

□ Bisht D.S., *Apiculture*, ICAR Publication.

□ SinghS., Bee keeping in India, Indian council of Agricultural Research, NewDelhi.

CODE: ZOO-SE-4014

SEC 2 NON-

MULBERRY

SERICULTURE

(CREDITS 4)

Unit 1: Introduction

Sericulture: Definition, history and present status of Mulberry and Non-Mulberry Sericulture; Silk route Varieties of Silk; Types and distribution of non-mulberry or wild or vanya sericigenous insects in N-E India

Unit 2: Biology of Non-mulberry Silkworm: Life cycle of silkworm- Eri and Muga

Structure of silk gland and Nature of Silk

Unit 3: Rearing of Silkworms (Eri and Muga Silkworm): Food plants of Eri and Muga Silkworm

Poor plants of Ell and Muga Si

Rearing Operation:

Rearing house/Site and rearing appliances

Disinfectants: Formalin, bleaching powder

Rearing technology: Early age and Late age rearing

Environmental conditions in rearing-Temperature, Humidity, Light and Air

Types of mountages

Harvesting and storage of cocoons

Spinning and Reeling of silk

Unit 4: Pests and Diseases: Pests of eri and muga silkworm Pathogenesis of eri and muga silkworm diseases: Protozoan, viral, fungal and bacterial Prevention and control measures of pests and diseases

Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Non-Mulberry Sericulture:

Varieties of Non-Mulberry Silk products and economics in India

Prospectus of Non-Mulberry Sericulture in India: Non-Mulberry Sericulture industry in different states, employment generation and potential

Visit to various sericulture Govt. /Private Farm/ Centers.

SUGGESTED READINGS

▶ Jolly, M. S., S. K. Sen, T.N. Sonwalkar and G.K. Prashad 1979. *Non-Mulberry Sericulture. In*: Manual ofSericulture, Rome, **FAO**, 4 (29)

Chowdhury, S.N. 1981. *Muga Silk Industry*. Directorate of Sericulture, Govt. of Assam, Guwahati-781005, Assam.

Chowdhury, S.N. 1982. *Eri Silk Industry*. Directorate of Sericulture, Govt. of Assam, Guwahati-781005, Assam.

Chowdhury, S.N. 1992. *Silk and Sericulture*. Directorate of Sericulture and Weaving, Govt. of Assam, Guwahati-781005, Assam.

CODE: ZOO-SE-4024

Wildlife Photography and

Ecotourism

Unit-I Tools and Technique of Photography

- Introduction to Photography
- Still && Video Photography
- To develop expertise in Photography
- Field trips for photography in different periods (Light and Dark), seasons and places(Wetlands,
 - Wildlife sanctuaries, National parks, Industrial sites)
 - Methods of documentation

Practical

- Submission of Photography
- Preparation of Poster and Calendar

Unit-2 Eco-tourism

- Introduction of Eco-tourism
- Scope of Eco-tourism with special reference to North East region of India
- Management of Eco-tourism & hospitality
- Development of Eco-tourism with innovative Eco-restoration ideas.

Practical

• Field visit to Wildlife sanctuaries, Eco-park, Historical and religious places, Cultural

museum etc.

• Preparation of report and seminar presentation

CREDITS 4 Credit-1

CODE: ZOO-SE-4034 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY Credit:4

Unit 1:

Foundations of Research:

Meaning, Objectives, Motivation: Research Methods vs Methodology, Types of Research: Analytical vs Descriptive, Quantitative vs Qualitative, Basic vs Applied

Unit 2:

Research Design Need for research design:

Features of good design, Important concepts related to good design- Observation and Facts, Prediction and Explanation, Development of Models. Developing a research plan: Problem identification, Experimentation, Determining experimental and sample designs Unit 3:

Data Collection, Analysis and Report Writing

Observation and Collection of Data-Methods of data collection- Sampling Methods, Data Processing and Analysis Strategies, Technical Reports and Thesis writing, Preparation of Tables and Bibliography. Data Presentation using digital technology

Unit 4:

Ethical Issues

Intellectual property Rights, Commercialization, Copy Right, Royalty, Patent law, Plagiarism, Citation, Acknowledgement

SUGGESTED READINGS

•Anthony, M, Graziano, A.M. and Raulin, M.L. 2009. Research Methods: A Process of Inquiry, Allyn and Bacon.

•Walliman, N. 2011.Research Methods- The Basics.Taylor and Francis, London, New York.

•Wadhera, B.L.: Law Relating to Patents, Trade Marks, Copyright Designs and Geographical Indications, 2002, Universal Law publishing

•C.R.Kothari: Research Methodology, New Age International, 2009 •Coley, S.M. and Scheinberg, C.A. 1990, "Proposal writing".Stage Publications.